

WILL WORK FOR GRAY

Friends Disregard His Declaration to Be a Candidate.

SEE MANY FAVORABLE SIGNS

Profess to Be Well Satisfied with the Situation in the East and Elsewhere in Country—Claim Pennsylvania Is for Their Choice—Statement Is Issued by Management.

The advocates of Judge Gray are not daunted by the declaration of their man in a newspaper interview at Pittsburgh that he was not a candidate.

They say this statement has been made by the Delaware jurist several times, and is to be taken literally, but that he would accept if nominated. His friends intend to keep up the fight.

Most of the work of the Gray, Bryan, and Johnson forces will be done in the Senate from now on to convention time. The Gray people profess to be well satisfied with results in the East and other parts of the country.

They assert that New Jersey would have instructed for Gray, but the policy of the Gray leaders was against such action. They claim also that sentiment for Gray was pronounced in the Connecticut convention, and that the sentiment of the New York Democracy is decidedly friendly to Gray.

Gray Management Claims.

The Gray management declares that public sentiment in Pennsylvania favors Judge Gray overwhelmingly, and that the national delegations of Massachusetts, Maine, Vermont, and New Hampshire probably will go unopposed, which is what the anti-Gray element is seeking.

Attention is called to the showing of 258 votes of the Eastern States, which are instructed for Gray or unopposed. Prediction is made that nearly all of them will be cast for the Delaware man.

It is contended also that unopposed delegations are likely to be sent from Michigan, Colorado, and California, and that Judson Harmon will get part of Ohio's vote, the rest going to Bryan.

Gov. Johnson's friends claim that after the first ballot the delegations from Illinois, Kansas, Iowa, Wisconsin, and the Dakotas will split, and that Johnson will receive the bulk of their votes.

Statement Is Issued.

In a statement issued last night the Gray management says:

"The situation is much more complex than appears at first glance. It becomes more complicated as the States make their preferences known in convention. The South will decide. If a number of Southern States shall send unopposed delegations to Denver, these men will hold the balance of power and decide in large measure the make-up of the ticket."

"Men who have made a careful review of the situation say all the States along the Southern seaboard will send unopposed delegations. Mr. Bryan's managers now admit that several Southern States will not pronounce for the Nebraska. Certain it is that change has come over the spirit of Democracy since headquarters have been opened for Gray and Johnson."

"Another complicating factor in the situation is the growing favor with which the name of Senator Culberson, of Texas, is greeted. Many men, who up to this time, have been holding aloof from the contest, are enthusiastic for the gifted Southerner, and are urging his endorsement by Texas and other Southern States."

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

A marked barometric depression covers Western Kansas and the middle Rocky Mountain region, and pressure is relatively high over the lower Lake region. Thunderstorms have set in in the Ohio and Middle Mississippi valleys, and quite generally throughout the Rocky Mountain region. In the last named the temperature has fallen 20 to 30 degrees in the last twenty-four hours, with snow in the mountains. The temperature is considerably below the seasonal average in northern districts east of the Dakotas and from the Ohio Valley eastward to the Atlantic.

Rain is indicated for the middle and upper portions of the Mississippi Valley, the Ohio Valley, and the western portion of the Middle Atlantic States Monday. The rain and snow in the Ohio Valley is a little further north and east, and the weather in the Mississippi Valley will doubtless clear with some temperature. High temperatures will continue in the South, and there will be a slow rise in the northeastern districts.

The winds along the New England coast will be light northwesterly, on the Middle Atlantic coast light and variable, becoming easterly; on the South Atlantic coast light to fresh southerly; on the East Gulf coast fresh southeasterly; on the West Gulf coast fresh to brisk southeasterly; on the Lower Lakes light and variable, becoming fresh westerly, and on the Upper Lakes fresh southeasterly, increasing.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have light northerly winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

Local Temperature.

Midnight, 42; 2 a. m., 42; 4 a. m., 42; 6 a. m., 42; 8 a. m., 42; 10 a. m., 50; 12 noon, 54; 2 p. m., 57; 4 p. m., 61; 6 p. m., 57; 8 p. m., 52; 10 p. m., 50.

Maximum, 62; minimum, 42.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 53; 8 p. m., 63. Hours of sunshine, 13.6. Per cent of possible sunshine, 100.

Temperature same date last year—Maximum, 62; minimum, 42.

Temperatures in Other Cities.

Temperatures in other cities, together with the amount of rainfall, for the twelve hours ended at 3 p. m. yesterday, are as follows:

	Max.	Min.	3 p. m.	fall
Albany, N. Y.	50	45	58	...
Albany, Ga.	50	45	58	...
Albany, N. J.	50	45	58	...
Albany, N. D.	50	45	58	...
Albany, W. Va.	50	45	58	...
Albany, N. Y.	50	45	58	...
Albany, N. Y.	50	45	58	...
Albany, N. Y.	50	45	58	...
Albany, N. Y.	50	45	58	...
Albany, N. Y.	50	45	58	...

Condition of the Water.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Harpers Ferry, W. Va., May 3.—Both rivers clear this evening.

FIREPROOF STORAGE

Separate locked rooms for storage of goods. Expert handlers. Estimates furnished.

Merchants' Transfer & Storage Co., 222 B STREET, 'PHONE M. 123.

UNITES WITH CHURCH.



THOMAS WATSON, Who is known as the young Welsh Baptist preacher, and who was received into Immanuel Baptist Church last night.

BOY PREACHER IS RECEIVED

Becomes Member of Immanuel Baptist Church.

Eleven Others, Recently Baptized at Same Time as Thomas Watkins, Also Are Received.

At the Immanuel Baptist Church, Sixteenth street and Columbia road northwest, last night, Thomas Watkins, the boy preacher, was received into the church as a member. Eleven other persons, all baptized two weeks ago, were also received.

Thomas Watkins is a native of Wales, having been born in Ammanford, and has established his residence in Washington permanently. He is but seventeen years old, and has spoken before Washington congregations several times.

He has been giving vivid descriptions of the Welsh revival now going on, and in which Mr. Watkins received his real foundation of religious belief.

Rev. Dr. George Ellsworth Whitehouse, pastor, preached the sermon. Prayer was offered by Mr. Watkins, and communion was taken by those present.

Announcement was made that work on the new building of the Immanuel Baptist Church will begin this morning. Ground has already been broken and the plans have been completed. Contracts have been signed for the necessary work.

Only the main Sunday school building will be built this year. The church proper will be built later. This Sunday school building will cost \$20,000, while the church will also be added to the Sunday school building, which will make a total of \$40,000 as the estimated cost of the Sunday school alone.

More than \$1,000 was raised by the Ladies' Aid Society, raised by the Ladies' Aid Society, and \$175 was realized by a sale last week.

BRADFIELD OUSTED BY UNION.

Telegraphers' Union President Dismissed at Special Meeting.

William Bradfield is no longer president of Local 24, Commercial Telegraphers' Union.

At the meeting of the union yesterday in Typographical Temple, the office of president was declared vacant on motion of W. W. Beattie. Bradfield was in the chair when the motion was made. Contrary to expectations, he did not oppose it.

"The proper procedure, if you wish to oust me," said Bradfield, "is to prefer an affidavit. However, I will pass that until later."

The motion was then put to declare the chair vacant. It was carried.

H. Lantz was chosen acting president until a permanent executive is elected.

Bradfield does not intend to let the matter drop. "I will fight it on the floor of the convention," he said. "I will make them show reason for ousting me."

This action is another step in the fight between factions of the local union. Charges were preferred against Bradfield by the international body, but the findings of the investigating committee have not been announced.

TURNERS DISCUSS TURN HALL.

Building Fund Growing and Construction May Soon Begin.

Members of the Columbia Turnverein, at the regular monthly meeting at the club gymnasium last night, considered the question of erecting a clubhouse containing every modern convenience.

The building fund, started for the purpose, is steadily growing. The Turners hope to be in a position to soon address bids for the erection of the turn hall.

The constitution and by-laws of the society were thoroughly edited and revised, it being the sense of the meeting to eliminate every foreign word, and to use entirely and exclusively the German language, the official medium of conversation and debate of the North American Turnverein, of which the local society is a branch.

Word has been received by the local society that the Turners who have signified their intention to participate in the international turnfest, to take place at Frankfurt, Germany, in June, will pay a visit to the Columbia Turnverein before taking ship from New York.

It is expected that about 80 Turners will visit the Columbia Verein between now and the date of their departure.

COTTON CHANGE SCORED.

Commissioner Smith Says New York Methods Are Inequitable.

The report of Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith on cotton exchanges was made public yesterday.

It contains criticisms of the regulations of the New York Cotton Exchange and a comparison of the regulations of this exchange with the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, whose method of fixing grades, it is asserted, is more equitable, fairer and in the interest of the buyer as well as the seller of cotton.

"The fixed differences produced by the New York revision committee," says Mr. Smith, "are an attempt substantially to render future transactions a 'sure thing' for a limited class of speculative experts. The system amounts to an attempt absolutely to fix prices—an economic absurdity. It is sufficient to point out," continued Mr. Smith, "that this fixed difference system, applied thus arbitrarily by a small body of men, furnished in this case the revision of November, 1906, a condition where these men had the power thus to reap enormous profits at the expense of others."

Mr. Smith believes that the New Orleans system, the commercial standard, should be adopted in New York, where it was once in vogue.

STILL FIGHT BECKHAM.

Democrats Think McCreary Should Head State Delegation.

Lexington, Ky., May 3.—The determination of the friends of former Gov. J. C. W. Beckham to push him forward for an endorsement at the Democratic State convention and to have him head the delegation to the national convention has developed a fight, and there promises to be some old-fashioned politics in the State before the national convention meets.

Senator James B. McCreary, since his defeat by Beckham for the Senatorial nomination, has been quiet. Since the State went Republican and Beckham lost out, six of his party men refusing to support him for United States Senator, the old-line Democrats think Beckham should step aside, and Senator McCreary should be given the leadership. It is conceded the State convention will send Bryan delegates to the Denver convention.

GOV. HUGHES RESTING.

Will Spend Two Days Speaking in Niagara-Ontario District.

Albany, May 3.—Gov. Hughes rested today at the executive mansion. He will be in Albany to-morrow and Wednesday and Thursday. Tuesday night the governor speaks in New York, and he will spend Friday and Saturday in the Niagara-Ontario district.

The local canvass of the vote will take place in those counties on May 19, and the State board will, it is expected, canvass the vote by Friday, May 22, before which the new senator can take his seat.

Gov. Hughes expects to be in Washington on Tuesday, May 12, when the conference will be on between President Roosevelt and the governors of the States upon the question of preserving the national resources of the country.

BRYAN OPPONENTS HOPEFUL

Gray and Johnson Boomers Claim to Like the Outlook.

Campaign of Governor of Minnesota Made Interesting by New Appeal from Headquarters.

Democrats who are taking a leading part in the movements to obtain the nomination of Judge George Gray, of Delaware, or Gov. John A. Johnson, of Minnesota, at Denver, in July, claim to be greatly encouraged over the outlook for the defeat of William J. Bryan. Apparently the Gray and the Johnson boomers are in earnest.

About a month ago Frederick B. Lynch, treasurer of the Minnesota Democratic committee, which moved its headquarters to Chicago for the management of the Johnson campaign, sent out letters to hundreds of prominent Democrats, urging the Minnesota governor's claims. A second letter has been issued, copies of which were received here yesterday by special delivery.

In this communication Mr. Lynch says: "Thousands of loyal Democrats scattered over every Territory and State in the Union have responded by letter, telegram, and in person. Hundreds of volunteers have gone to work for Gov. Johnson. Without any general organization effort on our part, Johnson clubs have been formed in scores of localities."

"Thousands of correspondents have echoed our proposition that the time has come for the party to consider its historic principles, nominate at Denver a candidate who can win."

"Our first duty is to our country and our party."

"With so many conditions favoring Democratic victory this year, let us unite, forget our past differences, and go in to win. To nominate Gov. Johnson is to win, and that, too, with a progressive, liberal Democrat, true to the popular cause—a man of the people himself, risen from the direct poverty, and triumphant by his own efforts over the most adverse circumstances and distressing hardships."

HOPE TO APPEASE NEGROES

Administration Officials Will Attend Norfolk Conference.

Hitchcock's Men Assigned to Head Off Attack on Taft's Candidacy.

A determined effort is being made by the managers of the Taft campaign to head off the movement started recently by the National Negro Political League against the candidacy of the Ohioan.

To this end representatives will be sent to the Norfolk conference of the A. M. E. Church to be held in Norfolk on Wednesday, at which, it is expected, the usual plan will be followed in an attempt to pass resolutions condemning the candidacy of Secretary Taft, and by-laws of the recognition and preparation for the affronts they claim have been offered by the tactics of the "illy whites" in many of the Southern conventions.

Under the direction of Frank H. Hitchcock, John C. Daney, recorder of deeds in the District; W. T. Vernon, Register of the Treasury, and Ralph Tyler, all colored, will be sent to the conference at Norfolk, and it is possible they will also attempt to attend the conference at Philadelphia.

The action of the colored people is the result of the big meeting held in Philadelphia, at which time a national movement was started with the adoption of resolutions and the publication of an open address to the colored voters. From this it became a church matter, and is being taken up at all the church conferences. The leaders insist that the nomination of Secretary Taft by the Republicans at Chicago will result in the alienation of the colored vote, and possibly the formation of a new party.

The administration leaders and campaign workers will lose no opportunity to try to convince the colored voters that their grievance has been magnified, and that there is no reason to believe that the negro vote will be taken care of by the Chicago convention.

Officers of Gray Club.

New Haven, Conn., May 3.—The officers of the new Judge Gray Democratic Club of Yale University were made known today. The president is Charles N. Harmon, of Franklin, Conn., a member of the membership of 140 students, eighty being from the Yale Law School. The club has endorsed the candidacy of Judge Gray for President.

Cantata to Be Presented.

Hertz's cantata, "King Rene's Daughter," will be presented by the King Memorial Chorus at the Temple Baptist Church, Tenth and N streets northwest, to-morrow evening at 8:15 o'clock. Iolanthe will be played by Mrs. Arthur Glanville Dunn. Marta will be sung by Mrs. Charles B. Bayly, and the will be Jane Price Tonks is cast for Beatrice.

NEGROES ARE SPLIT

Washington Head of Only One Camp, 'Tis Said.

BLACK MOSES IS MALIGNED

Tuskegee President Painted as Director of "Black Machine" Working for Taft with Patronage Work.

Foraker Said to Have Great Majority of the Black Votes.

Booker T. Washington, president of Tuskegee Institute, in Alabama, and the foremost negro of his time, is not the undisputed leader of his race, according to a propaganda which is being spread broadcast from Washington.

On the contrary, Washington's approval of the policy of the Southern States in imposing restrictions in many cases prohibiting upon the right of the negro under an amendment to the Federal Constitution to vote has, it is stated, divided the race into two camps, politically speaking, and has aroused the more radical element of the negroes in America against the only man of their color who ever sat down at the executive table in the White House.

That the policies of the white man has something to do with this condition, and that the candidacy of Secretary Taft for the Presidency has widened the breach between Washington and the followers on the one hand and the opposite wing of the race, under able leaders of their own color, on the other, is indicated in the literature of the propaganda. The additional intimation is given, as a corollary of the Taft side of the matter, that Washington and his followers are working, under the spur of official direction, against the interests of Senator Foraker, of Ohio.

From Anti-Taft Sources.

The so-called "allies," or anti-Taft coalition of the Republican party, are behind the propaganda. The gist of the charges made is that Washington is the administration force for appointments of negroes to public office, and that with the aid of this patronage he is building up a "black machine" in this country which is rapidly extending its influence throughout the States. It is predicted that this alleged machine, should a Taft administration follow that of Mr. Roosevelt, will become a power in the councils of the Republican party which will have to be reckoned with.

Washington's pronouncement at Atlanta, upon the occasion of the opening of the exposition there thirteen years ago, when he declared that every revised constitution of the United States put a premium on intelligence, thrift, and the ownership of property, is the initial objection put forth to his leadership, this apparently patriotic statement being construed as an endorsement of the political effectiveness of his own race.

How Negro Camps Divide.

Upon the division which this created, according to the propaganda above referred to, has been built the political cleavage of the negro race in America. While no definite statement as to the relative proportions of the two camps is made, it is left to inference that Washington, the apostle of industrial education for his people, has the negroes of the South with him, but that in the other division are those of the North, East, and West, who are very generally in opposition to him, and are yet, again, against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction.

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

"In the past fifteen months, seven canvasses have been made by the league, and it has been most interesting to watch the line of opinion rise and fall in a not very greatly varying degree, and against the President and his policies. The climax of the opposition to the President and his policies seems to have been reached last December, but since then, aside from special interests, labor and capital, which were, and are yet, against him purely for class reasons, the trend of public desire with reference to the Chicago convention has been strongly set in his direction."

Mr. Stewart is strong in statements, and has issued many since he began a canvass to get at the preferences of New York Republicans for the national nomination. He says that the canvass has been completed. The result, according to Mr. Stewart, is to be summed up as follows:

"There has just been finished by the Republican League of Clubs of the State of New York a final pre-nomination canvass of New York's preference for President. The result of the canvass is a practically unanimous demand for the renomination of Theodore Roosevelt. Less than 2 per cent of the replies contain dissent from this proposition."

John C. Daney, recorder of deeds, and W. T. Vernon, Register of the Treasury, three of the most prominent colored Federal officials, are in constant touch with Mr. Hitchcock, manager of Taft's campaign.

Negro Officeholders Active.

Then the statement goes into the activity of negroes who hold Federal